Menachos 60 – Good Morning Raboisai

1️⃣ When לבונה Was Placed on a Minchas Choteh

A **Minchas Choteh** or **Minchas Sotah** must contain **only flour**, with **no oil and no לבונה**.

If someone placed **לבונה** on it:

• If the לבונה is still separate, it can simply be **removed** and the Mincha remains valid.
• If it became **mixed in so finely that it cannot be removed**, the Mincha becomes **פסול**.

The Gemara analyzes whether the issue is:

- Because the לבונה **cannot be removed**, or
- Because it becomes **part of the flour mixture**.

This question remains unresolved.

2️⃣ Pigul Cannot Take Effect When Another Problem Exists

If לבונה remained mixed in and the Kohen later had a **Pigul thought** (intent to eat the Mincha after its proper time):

The Mincha becomes **פסול**, but **not Pigul**.

Pigul requires a **pure invalidating thought** with no other issue present.
Since the Mincha already contains an improper ingredient (לבונה), the Pigul status cannot fully take effect.

If the לבונה is **removed afterward**, the Mincha returns to its previous valid status.

3️⃣ The Concept of דיחוי (Pushed-Off Korban)

The Gemara asks:

If the Mincha was invalid while the לבונה remained inside, it should be considered **דחוי** (pushed off) and permanently disqualified.

Several answers are given:

Abaye:
The Torah calls this Mincha a **חטאת**, giving it special status that allows it to regain validity.

Rava:
According to certain opinions, some korbanos are **not subject to דיחוי**.

Rav Ashi:
Since the לבונה can easily be removed, the Mincha was never considered truly rejected.

4️⃣ Oil vs. לבונה on a Minchas Choteh

The Torah forbids placing **oil** or **לבונה** on a Minchas Choteh.

However, the outcomes differ:

• **Oil** – If oil touches the Mincha, it becomes **פסול**, because oil **absorbs into the flour** and cannot be removed.
• **לבונה** – If it remains separate, it may be **taken off**, and the Mincha is still valid.

5️⃣ The Four Categories of Menachos

The Mishnah lists four types regarding **oil and לבונה**:

1. **Require both oil and לבונה**
2. **Require oil but not לבונה**
3. **Require לבונה but not oil**
4. **Require neither oil nor לבונה**

Examples include:

- **Minchas Nedavah** – oil and לבונה
- **Minchas Nesachim** – oil only
- **Lechem HaPanim** – לבונה only
- **Minchas Choteh / Minchas Sotah / Shtei HaLechem** – neither

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6️⃣ Hagashah and Tenufah

The Mishnah also categorizes Menachos according to whether they require:

- **הגשה** – bringing the Mincha to the Mizbeach
- **תנופה** – waving the offering

Some require:

• Only **הגשה**
• Only **תנופה**

- **Both**
- **Neither**

🔑 Yesodos of the Daf

- A **Minchas Choteh** may not contain oil or לבונה.
- Oil invalidates the Mincha immediately because it **absorbs into the flour**.
- לבונה may be removed if it remains separate.
- **Pigul cannot apply when another disqualification already exists.**
- Menachos differ in whether they require **oil, לבונה, הגשה, or תנופה**.

לעילוי נשמת אמי מורתי רות בת הרב מנחם מנדל